Units of Work to Support RE at Key Stage 1

Dear Colleagues,

It gives me great pleasure to be able to introduce these units of work which have been developed from the work done by the original Agreed Syllabus writing group in 2010. Each of the units has been re-done according to the following formula:

- 1. a unit would fit onto one side of A4 so that teachers could use them easily
- 2. that reference to specific resources should be removed unless they were thought to be essential and still available on the internet so that teachers would not feel constrained because they could not access a specific resource
- 3. that the **context** would reference the Agreed Syllabus 2011
- 4. that references to levelled assessment should be removed

The units were never intended to give a complete scheme of work. Rather they have been developed to give teachers ideas from which to plan. Each unit is designed to cover half-a-terms work in RE with the understanding that teachers will add to what they see. They can also be used as a starting point for discussion about the way RE should be delivered.

The units here have been looked at again by members of the writing group and members of SACRE. If, though, you have any questions about the units you can refer them to the RE Adviser by e-mailing dhampshire@cornwall.gov.uk

I hope you find them useful and if you would like to design your own to share with others you can do so and send them to me at the e-mail above and I shall put them onto SACRE's website.

David Hampshire County Adviser for RE

Revised units of Work for the Cornwall Agreed Syllabus 2011 – Primary KEY STAGE 1 1 Beliefs, Teachings and Sources – special people

| 1 Beliefs, Teachings and Sources – special people | | |
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| Unit title: Beliefs, Teachings and Sources | | |
| Meaning, Purpose and Truth Specific theme: People who are special. | | |
| Context | Key Concepts | |
| 1c. Pupils should be taught to identify the importance, for some people, of belonging to a religion and recognise the difference this makes to their lives. 2e. Pupils should be taught to recognise that religious teachings and ideas make a difference to individuals, families and the local community. 3a. Christianity 3g. Leaders and teachers: figures who have an influence on others locally, nationally and globally in religion. 3k. Listening and responding to visitors from local faith communities. 3m. Using art and design, music, dance and drama to develop their creative talents and imagination. | Pupils will know that Christians follow the example and teaching of Jesus, especially on love and forgiveness. Pupils will know about people who are important because of their influence in the founding and development of the Christian faith. Pupils will know that the lives of these people can influence our lives today. | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities | |
| Special People in Our Lives | Make a collage of the people children meet in | |
| Children meet people everyday who influence their lives, e.g. family, teachers, police, vicar, paramedics, sports persons etc. | community/school community who they consider special. Invite these people into school to talk to the children. | |
| Others are Special | Pupils could discuss the story of the Good Samaritan | |
| Loving God and our neighbour as ourselves: look at the two great commandments and the story of the Good Samaritan. | and how it relates to the commandments. Role play the story, either as in the Bible or in a modern setting. | |
| Key Christian People | Find out about local saints/St.Piran, using ICT or | |
| People in history, e.g. local saints and modern | local visits. | |
| day Christians. What can we learn from them? | Look at modern day Christians, e.g. Jason Robinson/Mother Theresa and their influence. Write about people who have been special to them. | |
| Key Questions | | |
| Who influences our lives and our world? | Who do Christians look to as role models? | |
| What did Jesus teach about how we should treat each other? | What can I do to live a better life? | |
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2. Beliefs, teaching and sources - Jesus

| Unit title: Beliefs, teachings and sources | |
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| Specific theme: What Christians think about Jesus | |
| Context | Key Concepts |
| 1a explore a range of religious stories and sacred writings and talk about their meanings | That pupils will be able to see the connection between stories in the Gospels and what some Christians think about Jesus. |
| 2e recognise that religious teachings and ideas make a difference to individuals, families and the local community. | That the stories about Jesus in the Gospels are essentially about his identity. |
| 3a Christianity | That Jesus remains important for Christians. |
| 3g leaders and teachers: figures who have an influence on others locally, nationally and globally in religion | That stories about Jesus and Jesus' own stories are important for our culture. |
| 3o beginning to use ICT to explore religions and beliefs as practiced in the local and wider community | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities |
| Jesus as a teacher Read the parables of loss and finding in Luke 15 | Find the passage in an on-line Bible such as: http://www.biblegateway.com/passage/?search=Luke%2015&version=GNT Pupils make a collage which shows one or more of the parables read as a whole class display. |
| Jesus as a healer Read Mark 7:1 – 23 where he heals the Centurion's servant and the child of the widow of Nain | Pupils discuss the story of Jesus' healings and explore why healing the boy was so important. Their responses are recorded. |
| Jesus as powerful | Pupils act out the story in the form of a play. |
| Read Matthew 14:22 – 36 where Jesus walks on the water | They explore what the characters in the story were feeling. |
| Key Questions | |
| What do Christian's believe about Jesus? | Where are those stories found? |
| Why are those stories important to us? | When do many people in our country celebrate two special stories about Jesus? |

3. What makes a place special? The church

| Unit title: Practices and ways of life/Values and commitments | | |
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| Specific theme: What makes places special? | | |
| Context | Key Concepts | |
| 1b name, explore a range of celebrations, worship and rituals in religion, noting similarities where appropriate. 1f identify and suggest meanings for religious symbols and begin to use a range of religious words. 2a reflect on and consider religious and spiritual feelings, experiences and concepts such as worship, wonder, praise, thanks, concern, joy and sadness. 3a Christianity 3f symbols: how and why symbols express religious meaning. 3j visiting places of worship and focusing on symbols and feelings. | Pupils will be able to reflect on places special to them in their own lives and why they are special. Consider the meaning of the term Church as a community of believers and the name given to a variety of buildings where Christians usually meet. Know what worship includes and that it matters to Christian believers and can be expressed through words, music, ritual, symbols, architecture and art. Know about church buildings; the contents and symbols found there and the people who have a special role in the Church and how these reflect the Christian faith. | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities | |
| My special place. Consider what makes a place special for them. What is a church? Look at church building architecture and what is found in a church. Look at church as community of believers and explore why What happens in church? Look at the main elements of worship and people who have a special role in the church. Explore a religious ceremony. Look at a ceremony that takes place in church e.g. baptism or wedding. | In pairs, tell a friend about a special place and explain it's importance. Create a special place within the classroom or school grounds for quiet reflection. Use ICT to explore a church building: world religions CD Rom, REQuest, Expresso. Go on a virtual tour of a church. Invite a member of a local church to talk about why they go to church and what being part of church means to them. Learn about aspects of worship-reading the Bible, listening to stories, singing and prayer. Establish role play area to act these out. Plan with pupils and enact a ceremony such as baptism or a wedding. Consult local clergy on how people are prepared for these significant life events. | |
| Visit to a church Arrange a visit to one or more local places of worship. Compare buildings, contents etc. Link to previous learning. | Locate symbols, furnishings etc. Talk to church leader about their role. Give time for quiet reflection. Look at different forms of art in the building. Follow up visit with large classroom display, including thoughts | |
| Key Questions | | |
| What is a church? What happens in a church? Why do Christians go to church? | What are some of the important symbols found in churches and why are they there? | |

4. Why is the Bible special?

| 4. Why is the Bible special? | | |
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| Unit title: Holy Scriptures | | |
| Specific theme: Why is the Bible special? | | |
| Context | Key Concepts | |
| 1a. Pupils should be taught to explore a range of religious stories and sacred writings and talk about their meanings. | Pupils will know that the holy book of the Christian faith is the Bible. | |
| 2e. Pupils should be taught to recognise that religious teachings and ideas make a difference to individuals, families and the local community. | They will understand that it is made up of different types of writing e.g. stories, poems, sayings etc. They will know that the Bible is used for preaching | |
| 3a. Christianity 3f. Pupils should be taught how and why some stories are sacred and important in religion. | and teaching in church. They will know that it is special to Christians, who | |
| 3o. Pupils should be taught how, using art and design, music, dance and drama, to develop the creative talents and imagination. | use it regularly to learn about their faith. | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities | |
| Special books Books are important and special to us all. | Talk about their favourite book and draw the front cover or a picture from the story. Bring into school favourite books and stories from home. | |
| | Ask parents, grandparents and staff to share favourite books and stories, maybe in a class open afternoon. | |
| What is the Bible? | Find different genres of books from library and | |
| | explain all these types can be found in the Bible. | |
| The Bible is a collection of books that is special to Christians. | Look at a collection of different Bibles. Explore how monks made Bibles look very special by using | |
| How have some Christians shown that the Bible is important to them? | illuminated letters. Children draw their own initials in the same style. | |
| | Tell the story of Mary Jones and her Bible. Use pictures to sequence the story. | |
| Where and why do Christians read the Bible? | Make a list of where children think Bibles might be read eg. Home, school, church, a library. Explain | |
| The Bible is available to read in a variety of places. | how they can be found in hotel rooms and following on from the story of Mary Jones, all over the world in different languages. | |
| Share an Old Testament and a New Testament story and consider how Christians use the Bible to learn about their faith. | | |
| Key Questions | | |
| What is your favourite story or book and why? | Where would you find a Bible? | |
| Which book do Christians believe is special? | Why is the Bible important to Christians? | |
| What kind of a book is the Bible? | Can we learn anything from Bible stories about how to behave? | |

5. Why is where I live special?

| Unit title: Places and people special to us | | |
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| Specific theme: Why is Cornwall special? Context | You Concents | |
| 1g explore how faith communities make a difference to communities in Cornwall 2e recognise that religious teachings and ideas | Key Concepts To be aware of Cornwall as a special place in the growth of Christianity in Britain. | |
| make a difference to individuals, families and the local community 2f reflect on how living in cornwall is shaped by its religious traditions from the earliest times | Pupils should know that Celtic saints brought Christianity to Cornwall with particular reference to their own local area. | |
| 3a Christianity 3g leaders and teachers: figures who have an | The lives of these saints influenced the beliefs and behaviour of Cornish people. | |
| influence on others locally, nationally and globally in religion 3I using their senses and having times of quiet | Even today communities celebrate the lives of these saints and the beginnings of Christianity in Cornwall. | |
| reflection | Evidence of the past influence of these saints can still be seen today. | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities | |
| I Live in Cornwall | Draw a map of Cornwall and colour appropriately. | |
| | Look at its position as part of Great Britain. | |
| Develop an awareness of the geographical position of Cornwall and what makes it a special place to live. | Look at pictures / photographs showing different areas of Cornwall. | |
| | List / draw things from children's own experiences that make Cornwall a special place to live. | |
| Christian Saints come to Cornwall | Retell the story of Saint Piran through drama or art work. | |
| Discover the stories of some Cornish Saints eg Saint Piran and a local saint to your school. Consider their influence on Christianity and the local area. | Find out about a local saint and decide on a way to tell others about his life. | |
| | Visit a place linked to the saint e.g. local church or holy well. | |
| Celebrate Cornish Christianity Evidence of early Christianity in Cornwall is all | Explore what happens on St. Piran's Day and children plan their own celebrations, make St Piran's flags. | |
| around us. | Look at Celtic crosses and the designs on them. | |
| The beginnings of Christianity in Cornwall are still celebrated today through remembering the lives | Plan and make a cross in the Celtic style. | |
| of local Saints. | Find out about and join in with celebrations of the life of a local saint. | |
| Key Questions | | |
| Why is Cornwall special to you? | Are there other saints who could be considered Cornwall's patron saint? | |
| How did Christianity come to Cornwall? | Who is your local saint? Is there only one? | |
| Why is St. Piran thought of as the patron saint of Cornwall? | How are the lives of Cornish Saints still celebrated today? | |

6. Why is Easter special?

| Unit title: Forms of expression / Meaning, purpose and truth | |
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| Specific theme: Celebrations: What is special about | ut Easter? |
| Context | Key Concepts |
| 1b name and explore a range of celebrations, worship and rituals in religion, noting similarities where appropriate. | Pupils will know that Easter is an important celebration to Christians. |
| 2c identify what matters to them and others, including those with religious commitments, and communicate their responses. | They will understand that Lent is a time for Christians to prepare themselves for this celebration. |
| 3a Christianity 3e celebrations: how and why celebrations are important in religion | They will know the story of Holy Week with particular reference to Palm Sunday, Holy Thursday, Good Friday and Easter Day. |
| 3m using art and design, music, dance and drama to develop their creative talents and imagination. | They will link ideas about new beginnings / new life to beliefs Christians have about Jesus. |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities |
| How do Christians prepare for Easter? Lent is the time when Christians prepare themselves for Easter. They remember the time Jesus spent in the desert and the temptations he faced. Christians relate this to their own lives. | Read the story of Jesus being tempted in the desert. Talk about how people 'give up' things in Lent and why. Engage children in activities to help others by giving something up during Lent e.g. use the Fridays in Lent as opportunities to raise money for different charities. Celebrate Mothering Sunday and talk about its place in Lent. |
| Why is Easter important for Christians? | Create a large collage of aspects of the Easter story. |
| Christians celebrate events in Jesus' life. Easter is one of these special times. | Make a zigzag book of the events of Holy Week. Plan and make an Easter garden. Reinforce the celebration through songs, cards etc |
| How is Easter celebrated? Consider the symbols of 'new life' associated with Easter. | Make a display of objects associated with Easter e.g. Hot cross buns, Easter eggs, Easter cards, cross, chickens, lambs, daffodils etc. |
| Laster | Have eggs to incubate and hatch / frogspawn and tadpoles. Visit a local farm to see 'new life' or walk around the area to see signs of spring. |
| | Talk about how all of these are linked to the idea of 'new life' and the Christian belief that Jesus died and came to life again. |
| Key Questions | |
| What is Lent and how does it relate to Easter? | Why do Christians celebrate Easter? |
| Why do people think it is important to give something up in Lent? | What does the Bible tell us about Holy Week? Why do Christians use symbols of new life at Easter? |
| | with do chinatians use symbols of flew file at Easter: |

7. Why is Christmas special?

| 7. Why is Christmas special? Unit title: Forms of expression / Meaning, purpose and truth | | |
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| Specific theme: Special times – What is special ab | | |
| Context | Key Concepts | |
| 1a explore a range of religious stories and sacred writings and talk about their meanings. 1b name and explore a range of celebrations, | Pupils will know that Christmas is an important celebration to Christians. | |
| worship and rituals in religion, noting similarities where appropriate. 2e recognise that religious teachings and ideas | They will understand that Advent is a time for Christians to prepare themselves for this celebration. | |
| make a difference to individuals, families and the local community. | They will know the story of the birth of Jesus as told in the Bible. | |
| 3a Christianity 3c believing: what people believe about God, humanity and the natural world. 3m using art and design, music, dance and drama to develop their creative talents and imagination | They will be aware that although the giving and receiving of presents is a key part of the celebration, it is also important to think of others who have very little or are in need at this time. | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities | |
| How do Christians prepare for Christmas? | Share ideas of how the children get ready for Christmas in their own homes. | |
| Advent is the time when Christians begin to look forward to the coming of Jesus and get ready to celebrate his birth. | Make a large class advent calendar, possibly using appropriate pictures from the internet / make a large advent candle display to mark off the days to Christmas / make an advent ring. Talk about Jesus as light in the darkness. | |
| Why is Christmas important for Christians? | Create a large collage of the Christmas story to familiarise children with the story of Jesus' birth. | |
| Christians celebrate events in Jesus' life. Christmas is one of these special times. | Provide dressing up clothes so children can role play the story independently. | |
| | Reinforce the celebration through songs, cards etc. | |
| Thinking of others at Christmas. | Link present giving to the gifts given to the baby Jesus. Relate to children's own experience of giving | |
| Why do we give and receive presents at Christmas? | and receiving presents. | |
| Consider why many Christians like to help others at Christmas. | Find out about different ways Christians help others at Christmas and why e.g. Churches providing Christmas lunch. | |
| How can we help others at this time of year? | Use opportunities and resources provided by organisations such as the Shoebox Appeal to enable the school community to help others who have very little at Christmas. | |
| Key Questions | | |
| What is Advent and why do Christians celebrate at Christmas? | Why do Christians feel it is important to help others at Christmas? | |
| What does the Bible tell us about the birth of Jesus? | Why should we try to think of others at Christmas? How could we do this? | |

8. Why should be we care for our world?

| Unit title: Forms of Expression / Identity and belonging | | |
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| Specific theme: our special world – how do we care | e for our world? | |
| Context | Key Concepts | |
| 1a explore a range of religious stories and sacred writings and talk about their meanings | Pupils will be able to understand that Christians believe that God created the world, although they do not necessarily agree on how this was done as they read the Biblical stories in very different ways. | |
| 2d reflect on how spiritual and moral values relate to their own behaviour 3a Christianity | God was pleased with his creation and we too are invited to enjoy it. | |
| 3c believing: what people believe about God, | God cares for his world and expects people to do the | |
| humanity and the natural world | same. | |
| 3I using their senses and having times of quiet reflection | Pupils will be able to see that Christians believe they can experience God through the beauty of creation. | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities | |
| God as Creator Read one or both of the stories of Creation from | Pupils make a collage of creation for classroom display based on the Genesis stories. | |
| Genesis (1:1 – 2:4a or 2:4b – 25) | Make a scroll depicting Psalm 8 in pictures and perform as a class in assembly. | |
| Read Psalm 8 | | |
| Our wonderful world. Explore and discover what children enjoy and | Look at pictures of natural environments. Select one which looks attractive and explain why to a friend. | |
| appreciate about the world around them. | Write a list of environments or wildlife that you like looking at. Decorate with cut out pictures or your own drawings. | |
| Looking after our world God expects people to look after the world – how can we do this? | Consider our responsibility for the world. Discuss together e.g. What do we think is important/special about our world? How is it sometimes spoilt? | |
| | Share ideas of ways to look after our world and record e.g. as posters. | |
| | Create a garden and care for it, sensory gardens or Biblical gardens can be particularly good as starting points. | |
| Key Questions | | |
| What do Christians believe about Creation? | How do Christians respond to this? | |
| What do Christians believe God feels about the world? | Why should we look after our world? What does this mean for my home, village/town/city, school. | |

9. Celebrations for non-Christians

| 9. Celebrations for non-Christians | | |
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| Unit title: Celebrations | | |
| Specific theme: How do people celebrate in non-C | | |
| Context | Key Concepts | |
| 1b name and explore a range of celebrations, worship and rituals in religion, noting similarities where appropriate | Families and communities celebrate special times together. | |
| 2a reflect on and consider religious and spiritual feelings, experiences and concepts such as wonder, worship, praise, thanks, concern, joy | Pupils will know the names of important celebrations linked to a particular faith. | |
| and sadness | Pupils will have knowledge of what happens during these celebrations. | |
| 3b a religion of choice by the school from: Buddhism, Hinduism, Islam, Judaism or Sikhism 3e celebrations: how and why celebrations are important in religion | They will understand the importance of them to individuals, families and communities. | |
| 30 beginning to use ICT to explore religions and beliefs as practised in the local and wider community | Pupils may notice similarities between forms of religious expression in different religions. | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities | |
| Our Celebrations Look at celebrations shared in families or the | Find out about celebrations children have shared with their families eg. Bonfire night, birthdays, weddings. | |
| local community. | Find out about local celebrations that children have | |
| Consider why they are special to us. | been part of eg Furry Dance, St. Piran's Day. | |
| 5 111 11 11 11 11 11 | Share their experiences and feelings, make a display | |
| Faith celebrations in families | Look at a specific celebration when families meet together this time eg a Sikh wedding, Jewish | |
| People of different faiths celebrate special times together in families. | Shabbat, Hindu birth ceremonies etc. | |
| Consider the meanings of these times and the importance of them. | Plan a celebration and role play it with the whole class. Share in assembly. | |
| | Share ideas of how it must feel be a part of these celebrations and the importance of them. | |
| Faith celebrations in communities People of different faiths celebrate special times | Look at specific times when the whole faith community join together to celebrate eg. Divali, Holi, Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur etc. | |
| together in communities. Consider the meanings of these times and the | Use ICT to explore these times or invite a visitor | |
| Consider the meanings of these times and the importance of them. | from a faith community to share their experiences of celebrating. | |
| | Share ideas of how it must feel to be a part of these celebrations and the importance of them. Plan a whole school activity around a religion, including its celebrations. | |
| Key Questions | | |
| Why do people celebrate? | Name and describe a celebration shared in a(name of faith) family? | |
| What celebrations do you enjoy? How do they make you feel? | Name and describe a celebration shared in a(name of faith) community? | |

10. Scriptures in non-Christian religions

| Unit title: Special books and stories | |
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| Specific theme: Why is this book special? | |
| Context | Key Concepts |
| 1a. Pupils should be taught to explore a range of religious stories and sacred writings and talk about their meanings. | Pupils will understand that people of different faiths have holy books. |
| 2e. Pupils should be taught to recognise that religious teachings and ideas make a difference to individuals, families and the local community. | They will know that this book includes stories that people of a faith like to hear and retell. |
| 3b a religion of choice by the school from: Buddhism, Hinduism, Islam, Judaism or Sikhism | They will know how the book is used within the worship and life of the faith communities. |
| 3d Pupils should be taught how and why some stories are sacred and important in religion. 3n Pupils should be taught how, using art and design, music, dance and drama, to develop the creative talents and imagination. | They will know that it is special to a particular religious community, who use it regularly to learn about their faith. |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities |
| Special books Pupils learn the name of a special book of a | Make a Torah scroll or front cover of Bhagavad-Gita or consider how to handle the Qur'an with respect. |
| particular faith. | Find out why these books are special and where they are used. |
| They look at how it is used and respected. | |
| Stories from these books Pupils listen to stories from this book. | Pupils listen to stories eg. Rama and Sita, the childhood of Krishna Abraham, Joseph, Moses, David or Jonah stories from the life of Prophet Mohammad |
| | Use different media to explore the stories. |
| Reflect upon special stories An opportunity for pupils to reflect upon the | With adult support children choose a story to act out and perform to the rest of the class or in an assembly. |
| stories and consider what a child from a faith would learn from them. | They explain why they think it would be special to a child of that particular faith. |
| Key Questions | |
| Which book do (name of the followers of a particular religion) believe is special? | Can you retell a story found in this book? |
| Where and how is this book used? | What can(people of a particular religion) learn from this story? |
| Why is this book important to? | |
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11. Why is the Bible Special?

| Unit title: Books and Stories | |
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| Specific theme: Understanding the importance of t | the Bible. |
| Context | Key Concepts |
| 1d Pupils should be taught to explore how religious beliefs and ideas can be expressed through the arts and communicate their | Pupils will know that the holy book for Christians is the Bible. |
| responses. 2b Pupils should be taught to ask and respond imaginatively to puzzling questions, | They will understand that it is made up of different types of writing e.g. stories, poems, sayings etc. |
| communicating their ideas. 3a Christianity | They will know that the Bible is used for preaching and teaching in church. |
| 3d Pupils should be taught how and why some stories are sacred and important in religion. 3j visiting places of worship and focussing on symbols and people | They will know that it is special to Christians, who use it regularly to learn about their faith. |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities |
| How the Bible becomes a symbol for Christians and how this is shown by the way Christians organise their churches in different ways. | Visit churches from two different denominations. Look at the role of the lectern and pulpit in different traditions and how they relate to the reading of the Bible in public. Explore the role of Bible stories in other aspects of church design, such as stained glass windows. |
| Explore ways that Christians have tried to communicate stories from the Bible through art. | Create stained glass windows telling a favourite Biblical story of the pupils, one from the Old and one from the New Testament. |
| Explore the way that Christians have tried to communicate stories from the Bible through drama and music. | Explore sacred music from the Christian tradition. Plan and perform a mystery play for the whole school telling one Bible story. |
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| Key Questions | |
| Why is the Bible important in Christian churches? How is the Bible used in Christian churches? | Why are Biblical stories so important to us in Great Britain? |
| Thew is the bible used in official charcines: | How have Christian tried to share stories from the Bible without people needing to read it? |

12. Exploring me.

| Unit title: Me and Us as special. | |
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| Specific theme: What makes me special? | |
| Context | Key Concepts |
| 1c Identify the importance for some people of belonging to a religion and recognise the difference this makes to their lives. | Pupils will be able to become aware of themselves and their importance as individuals. |
| 2e Recognise that religious teachings and ideas make a difference to individuals, families and the local community. | How Christians believe that everyone is important and of equal value. |
| 2d Reflect on how spiritual and moral values relate to their own behaviour. | That Christians are called to follow the example and teaching of Jesus, especially on love and forgiveness. |
| 3a Christianity. 3i Myself: Who I am and my uniqueness as a person in a family and community. 3n Sharing their own beliefs, ideas and values | How Christians believe in the importance of family and being part of God's family, the Church. |
| and talking about their feelings and experiences. | That Christians refer to God as Father, Son and Holy Spirit and that at least two of these names imply family and relationship. |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities |
| I am special | Circle time - I am special because / special box with mirror inside. |
| Children consider themselves and their friends and how they know who they are because of their relationships. | Friendship cake-ingredients to make a good friend – make a wall display of ideas |
| Family is special | Explore different forms family can take showing they are all special. |
| Consider belonging to a family and how we behave in families. | Paint pictures or bring in photos of celebrations shared in families. |
| | Look at prayers that address God as Father from a Christian prayer book, especially the Our Father. |
| Our community is special Importance of community e.g. local groups, school, church etc in a child's life. | Sharing day when children bring items relating to a club/group they belong to e.g. Beavers, Rainbows, gymnastics etc. How some of those groups actually have prayers and why. |
| | Role-play baptism to show how the church welcomes children into its family. |
| Key Questions | |
| What makes me special? | How should we treat each other in our families? |
| How should friends behave to each other and why? | How does the Church show families and children are special? |

. That non-Christian traditions have special people and see people as special.

| Unit title: Special People | Unit title: Special People | | |
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| Specific theme: Why is this person special? | | | |
| Context | Key Concepts | | |
| 1a Pupils should be taught to explore a range of religious stories and sacred writings and talk about their meanings. | Pupils will know about the life and culture of a child from a particular religion. | | |
| 2e Pupils should be taught to recognise that religious teachings and ideas make a difference to individuals, families and the local community. | Pupils will know about people who are important because of their influence in the founding and development of the particular faith. | | |
| 3b a religion of choice by the school from: Buddhism, Hinduism, Islam, Judaism or Sikhism 3g Leaders and teachers: figures who have an | Pupils will know about the role of religious leaders within the faith. | | |
| influence on others locally, nationally and globally in religion. 3m Sharing their own beliefs, ideas and values, and talking about their feelings and experiences. | Pupils will consider the influence these special people have on the lives of believers. | | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities | | |
| Being a Buddhist/Hindu/Jew/Muslim/Sikh | Explore how they might find out about how other children live their lives, especially from a culture | | |
| Find out about the culture of a particular religion through the life of a child | different to their own. | | |
| | Using artefact boxes, ICT, role play, dressing up, art activities etc explore the life and culture of a child from the religion chosen. | | |
| Stories about special people | Read and listen to stories that a child might hear about special people within their religion e.g. | | |
| Learn about special people in the religion through stories about them. | Abraham, Moses / Mohammad / Rama and Sita, Krishna. | | |
| | Reflect upon them through art, drama, discussion and consider why they might be important to a child of that faith. | | |
| Religious leaders Pupils will know the names of religious leaders in | Look at the role of the religious leader in the chosen religion: monk/nun, guru/pundit, mullah/imam, rabbi/rebbe or guru/baba. | | |
| the faith chosen and explore their roles. | Consider the influence they might have on the life of a child from that faith. | | |
| | Invite, if possible, a representative from the religion into school to talk about their faith. | | |
| Key Questions | | | |
| What would be special to you if you were a child? | Name the religious leader that a child meets in their place of worship. | | |
| Who do think are special people from the past? | Can you talk about some of the things they do and why they are important? | | |
| Can you retell a story about them? | | | |

14. Jesus as special for Christians

| Linit title: Checial Deeple | |
|---|---|
| Unit title: Special People | |
| Specific theme: How beliefs about a person can tra | ansform how people think about themselves. |
| Context | Key Concepts |
| 1c Pupils should be taught to identify the | Pupils will know that Christians are called follow the |
| importance, for some people, of belonging to a | example and teaching of Jesus, especially on love |
| religion and recognise the difference this makes | and forgiveness, but Christians have understood this |
| to their lives. | in different ways over time and in different places. |
| 2e Pupils should be taught to recognise that | |
| religious teachings and ideas make a difference | Pupils will know about people who are important |
| to individuals, families and the local community. | because of their influence in the founding and |
| | development of the Christian faith. |
| 3a Christianity | |
| 3g Leaders and teachers: figures who have an | Pupils will know that the lives of these people can |
| influence on others locally, nationally and | influence our lives today. |
| globally in religion. | |
| 3n Sharing their own beliefs, ideas and values, | |
| and talking about their feelings and experiences. | |
| | |
| | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities |
| Special People in Our Lives | Children meet people who influence their lives, other |
| | than their family, e.g. police, vicar, minister, GP, |
| Pupils discuss which people are important in their | practice nurse, shop keeper, farmer etc. |
| lives and how they are influenced by them. | |
| | Make a collage of the people children meet in |
| | community/school community who they consider |
| | special. |
| That locus is special is for Christians in two | Dunile recall what they already know about what |
| That Jesus is special is for Christians in two ways: by what he did and what he said. | Pupils recall what they already know about what Jesus did and said. |
| ways. by what he did and what he said. | Jesus did alid said. |
| A key teaching of Jesus: loving God and our | Pupils could discuss the story of the Good Samaritan |
| neighbour as ourselves: look at the two great | and how it relates to the commandments. |
| commandments and the story of the Good | and now it rolates to the communicities. |
| Samaritan. | Role-play the story, either as in the Bible or in a |
| | modern setting. |
| That Jesus inspired generations of people to be | Think of definitions for a saint. |
| great. | |
| | Find out about different the lives and influence of |
| People in history, e.g. saints and modern day | different saints e.g. St Francis of Assisi. |
| Christians. What can we learn from them? | |
| | Look at modern day Christians, e.g. Jason Robinson, |
| | Mother Theresa and their influence. |
| | |
| | Write about people who have been special to them. |
| Key Questions | |
| Who is special to you and why? | Who do Christians look to as role models? |
| | |
| What did Jesus teach about how we should treat | What can I do to live a better life? |
| each other? | |
| | |
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15. The church as a place of significance

| Unit title: Special Places | |
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| ' | |
| Specific theme: What makes a place like a church | |
| Context | Key Concepts |
| 1b name, explore a range of celebrations, worship and rituals in religion, noting similarities where appropriate. | Pupils will be able to reflect on places special to them in their own lives and why they are special. |
| 2a reflect on and consider religious and spiritual feelings, experiences and concepts such as worship, wonder, praise, thanks, concern, joy and sadness. 2g explore how faith communities make a difference to communities in Cornwall. | Consider the meaning of the term Church as a community of believers and the name given to a variety of buildings where Christians usually meet in their community. Know what worship includes and that it matters to |
| 3a Christianity 3f symbols: how and why symbols express religious meaning. 3h belonging: where and how people belong and why belonging is important | Christian believers and can be expressed through words, music, ritual, symbols, architecture and art. Know about church buildings; the contents and symbols found there and the people who have a special role in the Church and how these reflect the |
| 3j visiting places of worship and focusing on symbols and feelings. 3l using their senses and having times of quiet reflection. | Christian faith in their community. |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities |
| My special place. Consider what makes a place special and if they have their own special place. What is a church? Look at church building architecture and what is found in a church. Look at church as community of believers and explore why. | In pairs, tell a friend about a special place and explain its importance. Create a special place within the classroom or school grounds for quiet reflection. Use ICT to explore a church building: world religions CD Rom, REQuest, Epresso. Go on a virtual tour of a church. Invite a member of a local church to talk about why they go to church and what being part of church means to them. |
| What happens in church? Look at the main elements of worship and people who have a special role in the church. | Learn about aspects of worship-reading the Bible, listening to stories, singing, prayer. Establish role play area to act these out. |
| Explore a religious ceremony. | Plan and enact a ceremony such as baptism or a |
| Look at a ceremony that takes place in church e.g. baptism or wedding. | wedding. |
| Visit to a church | Locate symbols, furnishings etc. |
| Arrange a visit to one or more local places of worship. Compare buildings, contents etc. Link to previous learning. | Talk to church leader about their role. Give time for quiet reflection. Look at different forms of art in the building. Follow up visit with large classroom display, including thoughts from the visit. |
| Key Questions | |
| What is a church? What happens in a church? | Why do Christians go to church? What are some of the important symbols found in churches and why are they there? |

16. Special places in non-Christian religions

| 16. Special places in non-Christian religions Unit title: Special Places | | |
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| · | | |
| Specific theme: What makes a place special? Context | Key Concepts | |
| 1d explore how religious beliefs and ideas can be | Pupils will know that there are places around the | |
| expressed through the arts and communicate their responses. | world that are special to people of different religions. | |
| 2a reflect on and consider religious and spiritual feelings, experiences and concepts such as worship, wonder, praise, thanks, concern, joy | They will know the name given to the building where a faith community meet. | |
| and sadness. 2c identify what matters to them and others, including those with religious commitments and communicate their responses. | They will know about the building; the contents and symbols found there and the people who have a special role in it and how these reflect the particular faith. | |
| 3b a religion of choice by the school from: Buddhism, Hinduism, Islam, Judaism or Sikhism 3h belonging: where and how people belong and why belonging is important. 3o beginning to use ICT to explore religions and beliefs as practised in the local and wider community | They will have knowledge of what worship includes and that it matters to the followers of the faith and can be expressed through words, music, ritual, symbols, architecture and art. | |
| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities | |
| Places around the world Pupils discover places around the world that are important to a faith community. | Focus on a place that is important to a religion e.g. India, River Ganges / Israel, Jerusalem / Saudi Arabia, Mecca. | |
| They consider why they are special. | Use maps to locate and find pictures using the internet and non- fiction books to link to each place. | |
| | Find out what makes them special and why people want to make special journeys (pilgrimages) to them. | |
| Buildings that are special. | Use ICT / non-fiction books / pictures etc to explore a building eg Mandir, synagogue, mosque | |
| Name the building special to a faith. | Have a virtual tour of a building. | |
| Look at the architecture of the building and what is found in it. | Make a model/junk model of the building incorporating different aspects of it. | |
| Worship and symbols | Use all available resources eg. Faith Forum, visitors, internet, books, artefacts etc to find out about | |
| Look at the main elements of worship in these buildings and the people who have a special role. | worship in these places. Encourage reflection on the feelings of people who | |
| Look at the symbols used and reflect upon their meaning. | visit them. | |
| | Encourage the children to identify with their own feelings when in a special place. | |
| Key Questions | | |
| Name a place anywhere in the world that is special to(name of faith). | What are some of the important symbols found there and why? | |
| Name a building that is special to them. | What happens in this building that is special to believers? | |

17. Celebrating the World

| Unit title: Special World | Unit title: Special World | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Specific theme: How Christian and/or Jews celebra | ate the world as God's gift. | | |
| Context | Key Concepts | | |
| 1b name and explore a range of celebrations, | The world around us is a beautiful place and can | | |
| worship and rituals in religion, noting similarities where appropriate | evoke feelings of awe and wonder. | | |
| 2c identify what matters to them and others, including those with religious commitments, and communicate their responses. | Psalms and prayers help Christians / Jews to express their feelings about the world. | | |
| 3a Christianity 3b religion of choice by the school from: Judaism 3c believing: what people believe about God, humanity and the natural world 3e celebrations: how and why celebrations are important in religion 3o using art and design, music, dance and drama to develop their creative talents and imagination | Christians / Jews have special times when they express thanks for Creation and God's provision for them e.g. Harvest or Festival of Succot. Consider their own appreciation of the world around them, developing a sense of awe and wonder. If looking at Christianity and Judaism, compare views and celebrations. | | |
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| Main elements of the unit | Suggested activities | | |
| Christians / Jews and the world | Read Psalm 148 and make up actions to go with it. Perform in assembly. | | |
| Christians / Jews celebrate the beauty of the world through worship and praise. Psalm 148 | Children write their own psalm including things that create a sense of awe and wonder in them. | | |
| The local environment | Walk around the local area observing, drawing and | | |
| Experience and appreciate the wonder of pupils' local surroundings. | photographing what they see. Make a display and add captions. | | |
| Encourage expressions of delight in what they see. | Set up an interest table bringing the natural worlds into the classroom. | | |
| | Encourage use of all the senses to express their feelings about their locality etc. | | |
| Thanks for our world Harvest is a time when Christians give thanks for our world; or, Jews celebrate the Festival of Succoth (also written Sukkot and Succot) | Paint pictures of things to say thank you for and make a large display. Write harvest prayers. Word process and illustrate. Sing songs related to harvest time and take part in school harvest festival. | | |
| | Explore the Festival of Succoth and look at why it is important to Jews. Make a large Succoth (wooden frame) or smaller ones in boxes. | | |
| | If looking at harvest and Succoth festivals, consider similarities between them. | | |
| Key Questions | | | |
| What is special to you in the world around you? | Why and how do Christians celebrate Harvest? | | |
| How do Christians / Jews give thanks to God for the world? | Why and how do Jews celebrate Succoth? | | |